Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council

Presentation on Marine Spatial Planning

Delivered to the Council 1-5 February 2010

Mobile, Alabama

based largely on a presentation offered by
Sam Rauch
NOAA Fisheries



# Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning

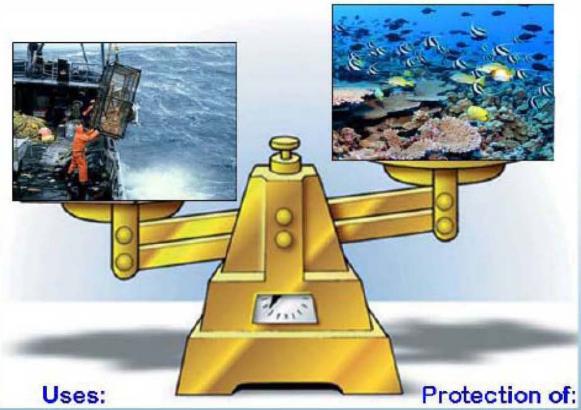
MAFAC meeting

Sam Rauch
Deputy Assistant Administrator
for Regulatory Programs
November 11, 2009

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# **Finding the Balance**



- Fisheries & Aquaculture
- Alternative Energy
- Military Readiness
- Bioprospecting
- Coastal Development



- Ocean Biodiversity
- Protected Species
- Vulnerable Habitats
- Coastal Communities
- Cultural Resources



### What is Marine Spatial Planning?

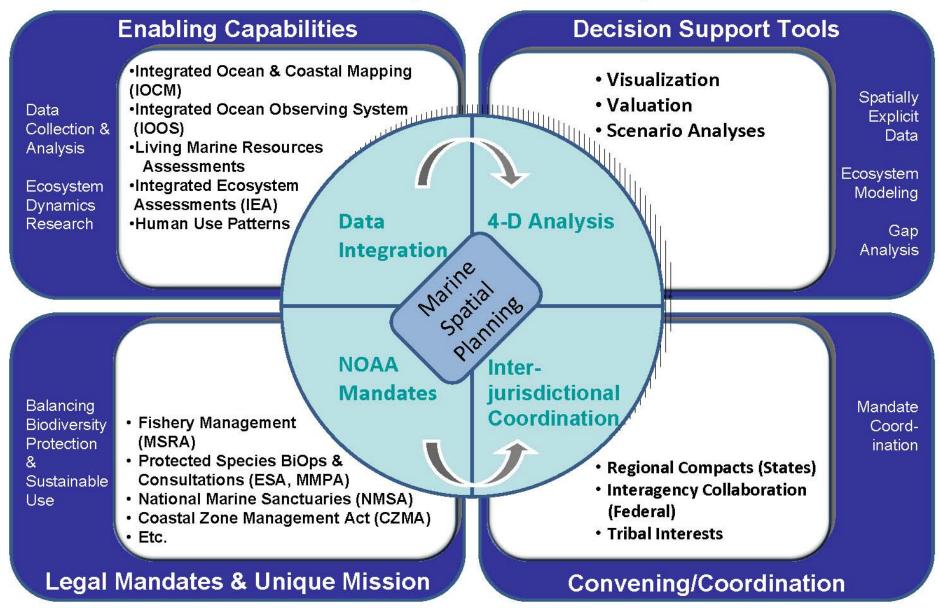
#### MSP is:

A comprehensive, ecosystem-based process through which compatible human uses are objectively and transparently allocated to appropriate ocean areas to sustain critical ecological, economic and cultural services for future generations.

#### The goals of MSP are:

To maximize societal benefits of ocean uses, while minimizing impacts on ecologically sensitive areas and species and reducing conflicts between incompatible activities sharing marine locations.

## Critical Capabilities Supporting Marine Spatial Planning

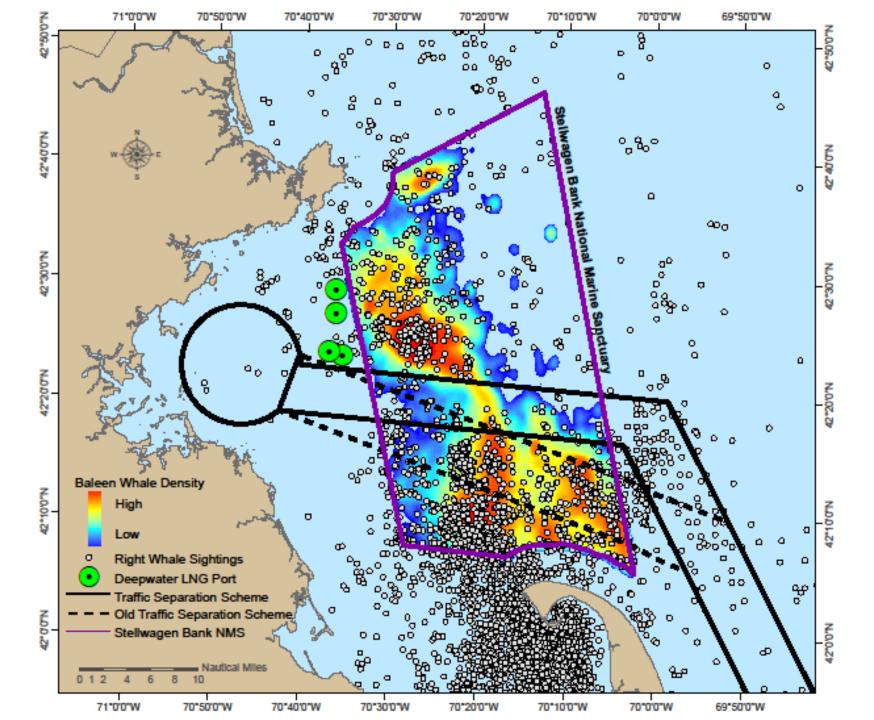


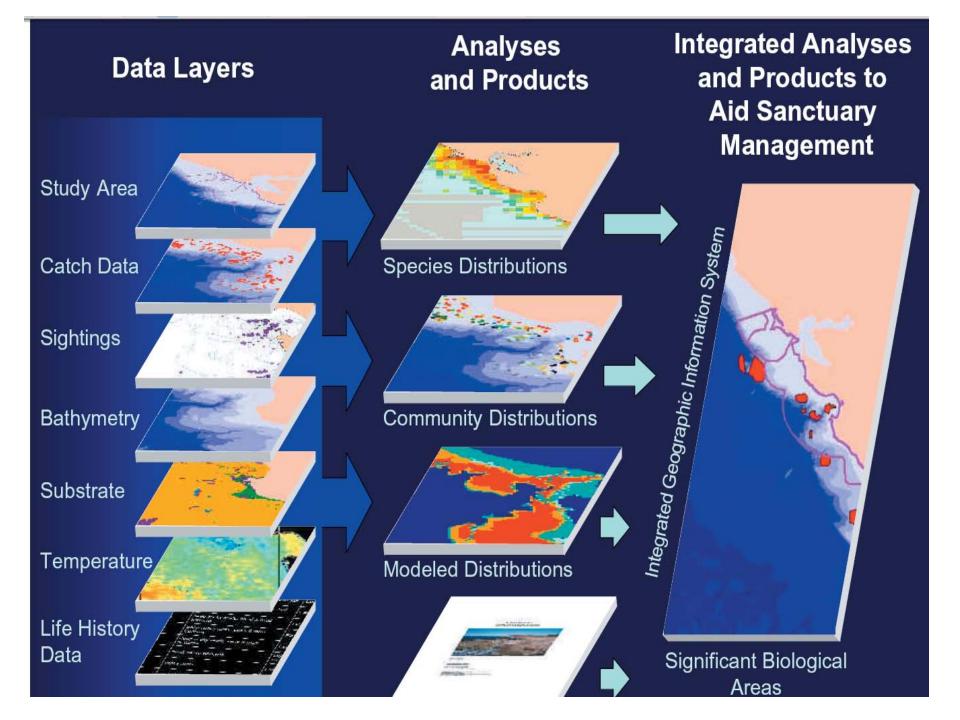




# **Key Elements to a MSP Framework**

- A Coherent Definition of MSP
- Geographical Extent
- Regional Planning Structure
- Enforceability
- Stakeholder Participation
- National Goals for Plans
- Capacity Building





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# Connecting CMSP to Coastal Communities

- NOAA has nearly 40 year partnerships with coastal states managing competing ocean uses and providing technical and policy assistance to coastal states engaged in CMSP through the CZMA.
- NOAA supports Regional Ocean Councils at the forefront of CMSP
- Coastal Community Task Forces can facilitate regional CMSP as conveners of collaborative planning, as sources of key data and traditional knowledge, and as local forums for dispute resolution
- Task Forces can enhance community resiliency by promoting the application of CMSP to provide local decision makers with improved understanding of risks, vulnerabilities, and opportunities for mitigation and adaptation.

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### **MSP:** Evolving Issues

- Objectives of MSP not yet well articulated
- Coordination and sharing of information
- Governance using multiple sectoral statutes is a difficult multiagency problem
- "soft" vs. "hard" governance and planning approaches need to be explored
- Conflict resolution
- Important opportunities for "Sector Stacking" (i.e. aquaculture and energy)
- No current venue or models to analyze societal preferences and values
- Sufficient resources/authority to implement, monitor and enforce
- Geographic scale and limits

#### **ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF THE CMSP PROCESS**

- Identify Regional Objectives
- Identify Existing Efforts that Should Help Shape the Plan throughout the Process
- Engage Stakeholders and the Public at Key Points throughout Process
- Consult Scientists and Technical and Other Experts
- Analyze Data, Uses, Services, and Impacts
- Develop and Evaluate Alternative Future Use Scenarios and Tradeoffs
- Prepare and Release a Draft CMS Plan with Supporting Environmental Impact Analysis Documentation for Public Comment
- Create a Final CMS Plan and Submit for NOC Review
- Implement, Monitor, Evaluate, and Modify (as needed) the NOC-certified CMS Plan

#### **ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF THE CMS PLAN**

- Regional Overview and Scope of Planning Area
- Regulatory Context
- Regional Assessment
- Objectives, Strategies, Methods, and Mechanisms for CMSP
- Compliance Mechanisms
- Monitoring and Evaluation Mechanisms
- Dispute Resolution Process